

Guidance for parents and guardians

COVID-19 Vaccination programme for children and young people



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This autumn all young people aged 12 to 15 years are being offered the first dose of the Pfizer COVID-19 vaccine. COVID-19 is a very infectious respiratory disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus. Very few healthy children and young people with COVID-19 infection go on to have severe disease.

The COVID-19 vaccination programme is voluntary, although we do encourage as many young people to take the vaccine as possible.

We understand that this may be an anxious time for families considering whether their child or children should have the vaccine and that you may have some questions. We hope this leaflet will answer many of your queries about the vaccine and the programme.

How it will work in Bolton

The vaccination programme will be delivered within local secondary schools on behalf of our skilled and experienced School Aged Immunisation Service (SAIS). This service is provided by Bolton NHS Foundation Trust, who are legally responsible for the programme; with oversight from Dr Helen Wall, Senior Responsible Officer for the COVID-19 vaccination programme in Bolton, and the Public Health department at Bolton Council.

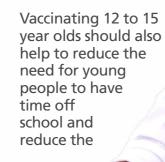
The SAIS along with our school nursing teams, have long-standing and trusted relationships with our schools, and already deliver routine immunisation programmes within education settings.

When will my child be offered the vaccine?

We will be visiting schools in Bolton according to a timetable which will be shared with schools in advance. Your school will let you know which day it will be happening and ensure that you have been given the opportunity to provide consent beforehand and ask any questions. .

Why should I have my child vaccinated?

The UK's Chief Medical Officers all agree that while COVID-19 is typically mild or asymptomatic in most young people, it can be very unpleasant for some and one dose of the vaccine will provide good protection against severe illness and



hospitalisation.

risk of spread of COVID-19 within schools. The COVID-19 secondary schools vaccine programme should therefore provide protection to young people and reduce the disruption to face to face education.

This will help to keep young people emotionally well and happier and this was an important consideration for the Chief Medical Officers.

The COVID-19 vaccine helps to reduce the chance of COVID-19 infection and provides good protection against serious disease. It may take a few weeks to build up some protection from the first dose of vaccine.

Is it safe for young people?

The medicines regulator, the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA), has confirmed the Pfizer vaccine is safe and effective for 12 to 17 year olds. This followed a rigorous review of the safety, quality and effectiveness of the vaccines in this age group.

> The UK has also benefited from having data from the US, Canada and Israel, which have already offered vaccines universally to young people aged 12 to 15 years.

> > All vaccines have had 3 stages of clinical trials and were tested on tens of thousands of people around the world. The trial phases were run in parallel, speeding up the overall time of vaccine

production, but not the critical research time. Since December 2020 the Pfizer vaccine has been given to millions of people in the UK and has an excellent safety record.

What are the common side effects?

Like all medicines, vaccines can cause side effects. Most of these are mild and shortterm and not everyone gets them. The very common side effects should only last a day or two.

Very common side effects in the first day or two include:

- having a painful, heavy feeling and tenderness in the arm where you had your injection
- feeling tired
- headache, aches and chills
- young people may also have flu-like symptoms with episodes of shivering and shaking for a day or two.

We suggest that young people should rest and take paracetamol (following the dose advice in the packaging) to help make them feel better.

Are there any very rare serious side effects?

Worldwide, there have been recent, very rare cases of inflammation of the heart called myocarditis or pericarditis reported after COVID-19 vaccines. Most of these people felt better following rest and simple treatments.

These cases have been seen mostly in younger males and mainly occurred within

a few days of the second dose; myocarditis is extremely rare after the first dose of the vaccine.

Will my child be observed after vaccination?

Serious allergic reactions to vaccination are very rare but tend to happen within a few minutes of the injection. School age immunisation service teams are all trained to spot and manage allergic reactions and so all children will be observed for 15 minutes.

All school age immunisation service providers will bring the necessary equipment to treat an allergic reaction.

Children with allergies to common food items are not at higher risk of these serious allergies.

What happens if my child does not get the vaccine on the day it is offered in the school?

For any young people aged 12 to 15 years who do not receive their vaccine on the vaccine day, there will be catch-up arrangements in place that the school age immunisation service provider will be able to share with the school.

This includes any young person who turns 12 years of age after the day the school age immunisation service provider visits the school.

What happens if my child has a health condition or is unwell on the day of the vaccine session?

If a young person is unwell on the day, the school age immunisation service provider will decide whether to proceed with vaccination or not.

A follow-up offer will be made to any children who miss the first vaccination in their school.

This will help to ensure that the following pupils can access the vaccine:

- if your child turns 12 years of age after the session
- If your child is absent from school on the day
- If your child has recently had a COVID-19 infection
- if you change your mind about whether to have the vaccine or need a bit longer to reach a decision

All questions on the suitability of the vaccine for individual young people should be directed to our team. We will also be able to share information on these catch-up sessions when details are known.

My child is home educated and does not attend school, will they be offered a vaccine as part of this programme?

All young people in the eligible age group who do not attend school, for example those who are home educated or living in secure accommodation, should be offered the vaccine.

We are putting plans in place to offer vaccines to these young people.

My child is over 12 years old but in a further education college, not at school, will they be offered a vaccine as part of this programme?

Yes. All children in the eligible age group who do not attend school should be offered the vaccine.

We are putting plans in place to offer vaccines to these young people.

My child is in a special school, will they be offered a vaccine as part of this programme?

Yes. School age immunisation service providers are commissioned to vaccinate children in special schools.

Can a 12 to 15 year old use a COVID-19 walk-in site if this would be quicker?

Unfortunately, walk-ins from this age group cannot be accepted. Presently there are no plans to make walk-in appointments available

How does the consent process work?

All parents, or those with parental responsibility, will be asked for consent and will usually make this decision jointly with their children.

In secondary schools, some young people may be mature enough to provide their own consent.



This sometimes occurs if a parent has not returned a consent form but the child still wishes to have the vaccine on the day of the session.

Every effort will be made to contact the parent to seek their verbal consent. This is a well-established process which you will be familiar with from other schoolbased vaccination programmes.

We will not vaccinate any young person in this programme without parental consent.

Can I refuse to have my child vaccinated?

Yes. The vaccine is not mandatory. You will be asked to give your consent for the vaccine. Young people may express a wish to have the vaccine and may have the capacity to provide informed consent themselves. Please speak to your child/ children ahead of time so that there is agreement on consent in advance of the vaccination session.

If no consent is received, the immunisation will not proceed.

What happens if a parent has not consented, but the young person wants to be vaccinated?

We will not be vaccinating any young person without parental consent.

My child has allergies, can they have the vaccination?

There are very few children who cannot receive the vaccine.

All young people and their parents or carers should consult their clinician if they have concerns regarding allergies and COVID-19 vaccination.

I have heard vaccines can cause irregular periods or unexpected bleeding?

Period problems are extremely common and can be caused by a variety of factors including stress and other short-term illnesses. Although some people have reported that their periods were briefly disrupted in the month after vaccination, there is no evidence that this was due to the vaccine.

Can vaccines effect fertility?

There is no evidence that COVID-19 vaccines affect fertility in males or in females. There is some helpful information on the website of the British Fertility Society.

Do the vaccines contain alcohol?

There is no alcohol in the Pfizer COVID-19 vaccines which is the recommended vaccine for young people.

Do the COVID-19 vaccines contain animal products?

The MHRA has confirmed that the vaccines do not contain anything of animal origin. All ingredients are published in healthcare information on the MHRA's website.

Do the vaccines contain COVID-19?

No, the vaccines do not contain any live virus.

Is the vaccine suitable for young people who are vegan/ vegetarian friendly, Muslim or Jewish?

The Pfizer vaccine does not contain any meat derivatives, animal products or any egg.

The British Islamic Medical Association have produced a helpful guide which can be found at https://britishima.org/ operation-vaccination/hub/.

Further questions?

If you have further questions about the vaccine, please speak to us. Please contact a member of the immunisation team via email at Bolton5-19ImmsTeam@boltonft.nhs.uk, or please call 01204 463170 and ask for Jayne Monaghan, Team Leader.

Additional information for parents and children to have conversations about the COVID-19 vaccine for 12 to 15 year olds, including how it works and what to expect after COVID-19 vaccination, is available at www.gov.uk.

There are accessible versions of the consent form and leaflet available for those with a learning disability or who live with autism. There are braille and BSL videos to order or download. Translations are also available.



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Bolton NHS Foundation Trust Royal Bolton Hospital Minerva Road, Farnworth Bolton, BL4 0JR